## Amendments to the Claims

1. (Original) An epoxy compound represented by the formula (1):

$$R^{1}$$
  $Q^{1}$   $Q^{1}$   $Q^{1}$   $Q^{1}$   $Q^{2}$   $Q^{2}$   $Q^{2}$   $Q^{6}$  (1)

wherein

Ar<sup>1</sup>, Ar<sup>2</sup> and Ar<sup>3</sup> are the same or different and each denotes any one of divalent groups represented by the following formulas:

$$\begin{array}{c|ccccc} (R)_a & (R)_b & (R)_c & (R)_d \\ \hline \end{array}$$

in which R denotes a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, a denotes an integer of 1 to 8, b, e and g denote an integer of 1 to 6, c denotes an integer of 1 to 7, d and h denote an integer of 1 to 4, and f denotes an integer of 1 to 5, and when more than one R exists in said divalent group, all of R may be the same group or different groups;

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> are the same or different and each denotes a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms;

 $Q^1$  and  $Q^2$  are the same or different and each denotes a straight-chain alkylene group of 1 to 9 carbon atoms, in which methylene groups composing the straight-chain alkylene group are optionally substituted with an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms and -O- or -N( $\mathbb{R}^7$ )- is optionally inserted between the methylene groups, in which  $\mathbb{R}^7$  denotes a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms.

2. (Original) The epoxy compound according to Claim 1, which is represented by the formula (2):

wherein

Ar<sup>4</sup> denotes any one of divalent groups represented by the following formulas:

R, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, a, c and h are as defined above; and Q<sup>3</sup> denotes any one of groups represented by the following formulas:

$$-(CH_2)_{m}$$
  $-(CH_2)_{p}$   $-(CH_2)_{q}$ 

in which m denotes an integer of 1 to 9, p and q denote an integer of 1 to 8, and the sum of p and q is 9 or less, and methylene groups composing the group represented by Q<sup>3</sup> are optionally substituted with an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms.

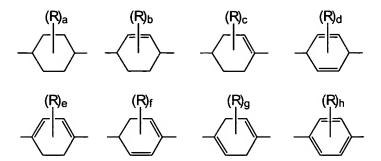
- 3. (Original) The epoxy compound according to Claim 2, wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$  and  $R^6$  are hydrogen atoms.
- 4. (Original) A method for producing an epoxy compound represented by the following formula (1):

$$R^{1}$$
  $Q^{1}$   $Q^{1}$   $Q^{1}$   $Q^{1}$   $Q^{2}$   $Q^{2}$   $Q^{2}$   $Q^{6}$  (1)

wherein Ar<sup>1</sup>, Ar<sup>2</sup>, Ar<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, Q<sup>1</sup> and Q<sup>2</sup> each are as defined below, which comprises reacting a compound represented by the formula (3):

$$HO - Ar^{1} - Ar^{2} - Ar^{3} - OH$$
 (3)

wherein Ar<sup>1</sup>, Ar<sup>2</sup> and Ar<sup>3</sup> are the same or different and each denotes any one of divalent groups represented by the following formulas:



in which R denotes a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, a denotes an integer of 1 to 8, b, e and g denote an integer of 1 to 6, c denotes an integer of 1 to 7, d and h denote an integer of 1 to 4, and f denotes an integer of 1 to 5, and when more than one R exists in said divalent group, all of R may be the same group or different groups; a compound represented by the formula (4):

$$R^{2}$$
  $R^{3}$   $Q^{1}$   $Q^{1}$  (4)

wherein  $R^1$ ,  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are the same or different and each denotes a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms,  $Q^1$  denotes a straight-chain alkylene group of 1 to 9 carbon atoms, in which methylene groups composing the straight-chain alkylene group are optionally substituted with an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms and -O- or -N( $R^7$ )-is optionally inserted between the methylene groups, in which  $R^7$  denotes a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, and  $X^1$  denotes a halogen atom; and a compound represented by the following formula (5):

$$R^{5}$$
  $R^{4}$   $Q^{2}-X^{2}$  (5)

wherein  $R^4$ ,  $R^5$  and  $R^6$  are the same or different and each denotes a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms,  $Q^2$  denotes a straight-chain alkylene group of 1 to 9 carbon atoms, in which methylene groups composing the straight-chain alkylene group are optionally substituted with an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms and -O- or -N( $R^7$ )-is optionally inserted between the methylene groups, in which  $R^7$  denotes a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group of 1 to 18 carbon atoms, and  $X^2$  denotes a halogen atom, in the presence of a base.

- 5. (Currently amended) An epoxy composition comprising the epoxy compound according to any one of Claims 1 to 3 Claim 1 and a curing agent.
- 6. (Original) The epoxy composition according to Claim 5, wherein the curing agent is 4,4'-diaminodiphenylmethane, 4,4'-diaminodiphenylethane, 1,5-diaminonaphthalene or p-phenylenediamine.
- 7. (Currently amended) A cured epoxy resin obtained by curing the epoxy composition according to Claim 5-or 6.
- 8. (Currently amended) A prepreg obtained by applying or impregnating the epoxy composition according to Claim 5-or 6 to or into a base material, followed by semicuring.
- 9. (New) An epoxy composition comprising the epoxy compound according to Claim 2 and a curing agent.
- 10. (New) An epoxy composition comprising the epoxy compound according to Claim 3 and a curing agent.
- 11. (New) A cured epoxy resin obtained by curing the epoxy composition according to Claim 6.
- 12. (New) A prepreg obtained by applying or impregnating the epoxy composition according to Claim 6 to or into a base material, followed by semi-curing.